

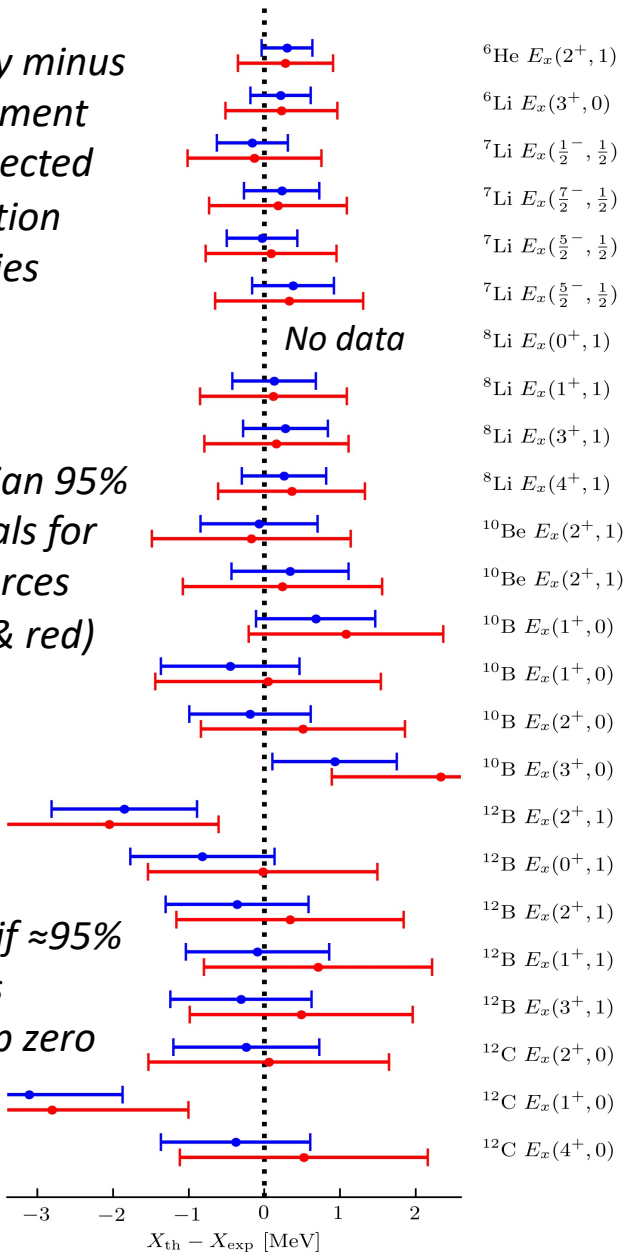


Excitation energies from effective field theory with quantified uncertainties

Theory minus
experiment
for selected
excitation
energies

Bayesian 95%
intervals for
two forces
(blue & red)

Check if $\approx 95\%$
of bars
overlap zero



Objectives

- Predict properties of ground and excited states of light nuclei with robust theoretical error estimates.
- Test consistent [LENPIC](#) chiral effective field theory (EFT) interactions with 2- and 3-nucleon forces.
- Extend and test a Bayesian statistical model that learns from the order-by-order EFT convergence pattern to account for correlated excitations.

Impact

- First test of novel chiral nucleon-nucleon potentials with consistent three-nucleon forces.
- Demonstrates understanding of theoretical uncertainties due to chiral EFT expansion.
- Accounting for correlations produces agreement with experimental excitation energies (see figure).
- Exceptions in ¹²C and ¹²B indicate different theoretical correlations in the nuclear structure.

Accomplishments

P. Maris et al, Phys. Rev. C **103**, 054001 (2021);
Editors' Suggestion; arXiv: 2012.12396 [nucl-th]